

# **Wireless Outdoor Access Point & Client Bridge**



## **User's Manual** *Version: 1.0*

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## Revision History

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<b>Version</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Notes</b>
1.0	August 24, 2008	Initial Version

# 1 Introduction

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EOC-2610 is a long range outdoor wireless Access Point and Client Bridge that operates seamlessly in the 2.4GHz frequency spectrum. It features high transmitted output power and high receivable sensitivity. High output power and high sensitivity can extend range and coverage to reduce the roaming between Access Points to get a more stable wireless connection. It also reduces the expense of equipment in the same environment.

It supports distance range from 1km to 30km and RSSI indicator which enables the best transmit and receive signals for traffic communication. This product comes with PoE injector for building in outdoor environment easily.

To protect your wireless connectivity, it can encrypt all wireless transmissions through 64/128-bit WEP data encryption and also supports WPA/WPA2. The MAC address filter lets you select exactly which stations should have access to your network. In addition, the User Isolation function can protect the private network between client users.

The attractive design, high performance, and array of features make EOC-2610 a suitable wireless solution for your residence or office.

This chapter describes the features, package contents, applications, and network configuration.

## 1.1 Features

### Wireless

- **2.4GHz** It works in 2.4GHz frequency spectrum
- **High output power** Transmit output power programmable for different country selections
- **High Data Rate** High speed transmitting rate up to 108Mbps with Super G, support large payload such as MPEG video streaming
- **Multifunction application** Access Point/Client Bridge/Client Router
- **Long range transmitting** Transmit power control and distance control (ACK timeout)
- **Signal Strength** LED indicators have the best transmit and receive signal for traffic communication

### Networking

- **Public wireless solution** An AP interface that is especially useful in public areas such as hotspots and enterprise
- **Signal Strength Display** RF signal strength status shown LEDs of 3 colors, making network build-up easier
- **QoS(WMM)** Enhance performance and quality of service

### Security

- **802.11i** WEP, WPA, WPA2 (Encryption support TKIP/AES)

- **802.1x** IEEE 802.1x Authenticator
- **MAC address functions** MAC address filter (AP mode)
- **L2 isolation**
- **Station isolation**

#### Management

- **Firmware Upgrade** Upgrading firmware via web browser, settings are reserved after upgrade
- **Reset & Backup** Reset to factory default. User can export all settings into a file via WEB
- **MIB** MIB I, MIB II(RFC1213)
- **SNMP** V1, V2c

## 1.2 Package Contents

Open the package carefully, and make sure that none of the items listed below are missing. Do not discard the packing materials, in case of return; the unit must be shipped in its original package.

- 1\* 802.11b/g Long range AP/CB (EOC-2610)
- 1\* PoE injector (EPE-1212)
- 1\* Power Adaptor
- 1\* CD with User's Manual
- 1\* Quick Installation Guide (QIG)
- 1\* Metal strap
- 1\* Special screw set

## 1.3 Safety Guidelines

In order to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and injury, please adhere to the following safety guidelines.

- Carefully follow the instructions in this manual; also follow all instruction labels on this device.
- Except for the power adaptor supplied, this device should not be connected to any other adaptors.
- Do not spill liquid of any kind on this device.
- Do not place the unit on an unstable stand or table. This unit may drop and become damaged.
- Do not expose this unit to direct sunlight.
- Do not place any hot devices close to this unit, as they may degrade or cause damage to the unit.
- Do not place any heavy objects on top of this unit.
- Do not use liquid cleaners or aerosol cleaners. Use a soft dry cloth for cleaning.

## 1.4 System Requirements

The following are the minimum system requirements in order to configure the device.

- PC/AT compatible computer with an Ethernet interface.
- Operating system that supports HTTP web-browser

## 1.5 Applications

The wireless LAN products are easy to install and highly efficient. The following list describes some of the many applications made possible through the power and flexibility of wireless LANs:

**a) Difficult-to-wire environments**

There are many situations where wires cannot be laid easily. Historic buildings, older buildings, open areas and across busy streets make the installation of LANs either impossible or very expensive.

**b) Temporary workgroups**

Consider situations in parks, athletic arenas, exhibition centers, disaster-recovery, temporary offices and construction sites where one wants a temporary WLAN established and removed.

**c) The ability to access real-time information**

Doctors/nurses, point-of-sale employees, and warehouse workers can access real-time information while dealing with patients, serving customers and processing information.

**d) Frequently changed environments**

Show rooms, meeting rooms, retail stores, and manufacturing sites where frequently rearrange the workplace.

**e) Small Office and Home Office (SOHO) networks**

SOHO users need a cost-effective, easy and quick installation of a small network.

**f) Wireless extensions to Ethernet networks**

Network managers in dynamic environments can minimize the overhead caused by moves, extensions to networks, and other changes with wireless LANs.

**g) Wired LAN backup**

Network managers implement wireless LANs to provide backup for mission-critical applications running on wired networks.

**h) Training/Educational facilities**

Training sites at corporations and students at universities use wireless connectivity to ease access to information, information exchanges, and learning.

## 1.6 Network Configuration

To better understand how the wireless LAN products work together to create a wireless network, it might be helpful to depict a few of the possible wireless LAN PC card network configurations. The wireless LAN products can be configured as:

- a) Ad-hoc (or peer-to-peer) for departmental or SOHO LANs.
- b) Infrastructure for enterprise LANs.

**a) Ad-hoc (peer-to-peer) Mode**

This is the simplest network configuration with several computers equipped with the PC Cards that form a wireless network whenever they are within range of one another. In ad-hoc mode, each client is peer-to-peer, would only have access to the resources of the other client and does not require an access point. This is the easiest and least expensive way for the SOHO to set up a wireless network. The image depicts a network in ad-hoc mode.

#### b) Infrastructure Mode

The infrastructure mode requires the use of an access point (AP). In this mode, all wireless communication between two computers has to be via the AP. It doesn't matter if the AP is stand-alone or wired to an Ethernet network. If used in stand-alone, the AP can extend the range of independent wireless LANs by acting as a repeater, which effectively doubles the distance between wireless stations. The image below depicts a network in infrastructure mode.

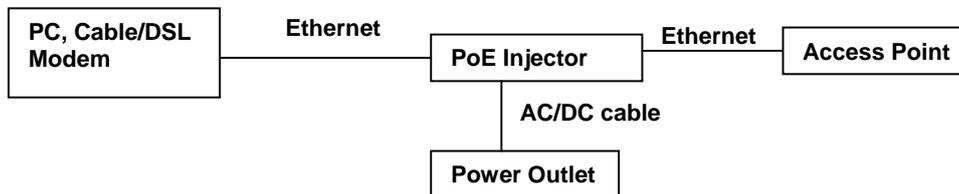


## 2 Understanding the Hardware

### 2.1 Hardware Installation

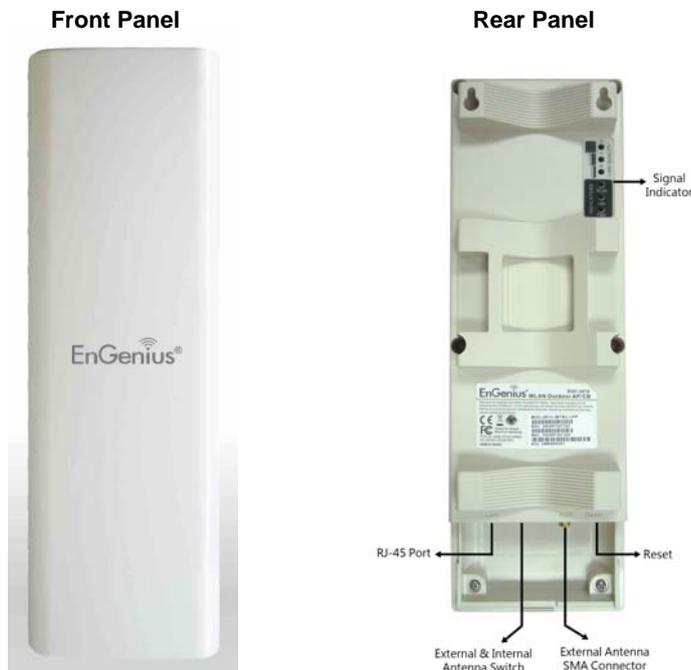
1. Place the unit in an appropriate location after conducting a site survey.
2. Plug one end of the Ethernet cable into the Network port of the PoE injector and another end into your PC/Notebook.
3. Plug one end of another Ethernet cable to AP/Bridge port of the PoE injector and the other end into you cable/DSL modem (Internet)
4. Insert the DC-inlet of the power adapter into the 24V port of the PoE injector and the other end into the power socket on the wall.

This diagram depicts the hardware configuration



### 2.2 Hardware Description

The images below depict the front and rear panel of the Access Point / Client Bridge.



## 2.3 Mounting Kits

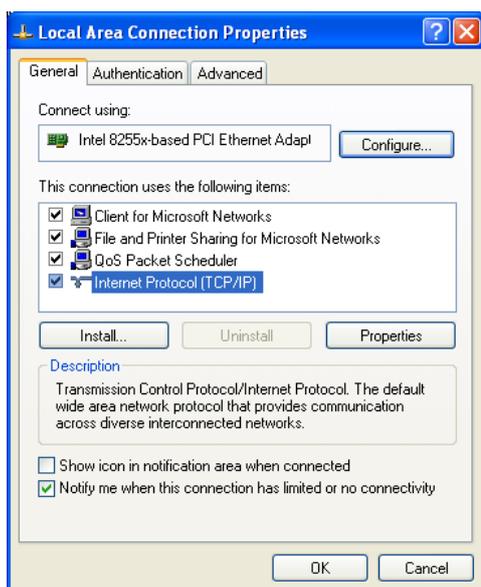
The images below depict the standard and optional mounting kits.



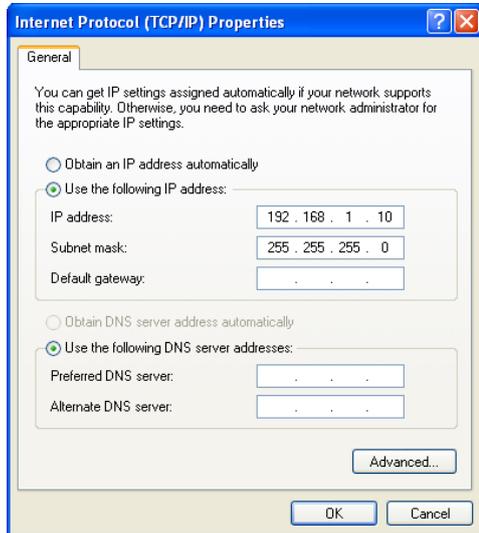
## 2.4 IP Address Configuration

This device can be configured as a Bridge/Router or Access Point. The default IP address of the device is **192.168.1.1**. In order to log into this device, you must first configure the TCP/IP settings of your PC/Notebook.

1. In the control panel, double click Network Connections and then double click on the connection of your Network Interface Card (NIC). You will then see the following screen.



2. Select **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and then click on the **Properties** button. This will allow you to configure the TCP/IP settings of your PC/Notebook.



3. Select **Use the following IP Address** radio button and then enter the IP address and subnet mask. Ensure that the IP address and subnet mask are on the same subnet as the device.

For Example:

PC IP address: 192.168.1.10

PC subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

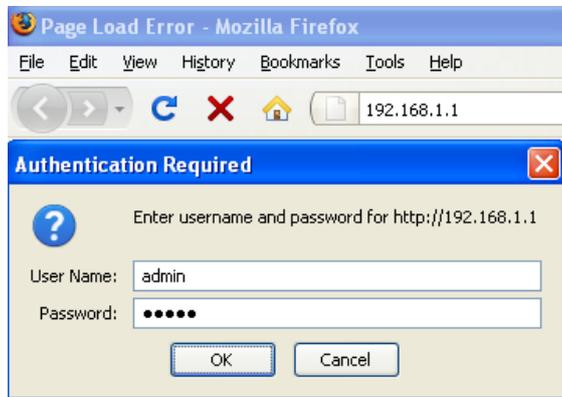
4. Click on the **OK** button to close this window, and once again to close LAN properties window.

## 3 Switching Between Operating Modes

This device can operate in three modes: Access Point, Client Bridge, and Client Router. This chapter will describe how to switch between operating modes.

### 3.1 Logging In

- To configure the device through the web-browser, enter the IP address of the device (default: **192.168.1.1**) into the address bar of the web-browser and press **Enter**.
- Make sure that the device and your computers are configured on the same subnet. Refer to **Chapter 2** in order to configure the IP address of your computer.
- After connecting to the IP address, the web-browser will display the login page.
- Specify **admin** for both the user name and password.



- After logging in, you will see the graphical user interface of the device. Click on the **System Properties** link under the **System** navigation drop-down menu.

**System Properties** Home Reset

Device Name	Access Point ( 1 to 32 characters )
Country/Region	United States
Operation Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Access Point <input type="radio"/> Client Bridge <input type="radio"/> Client Router

Apply Cancel

- Select and operating mode from the list (Access Point, Client Bridge, or Client Router) and then click on the **Apply** button.

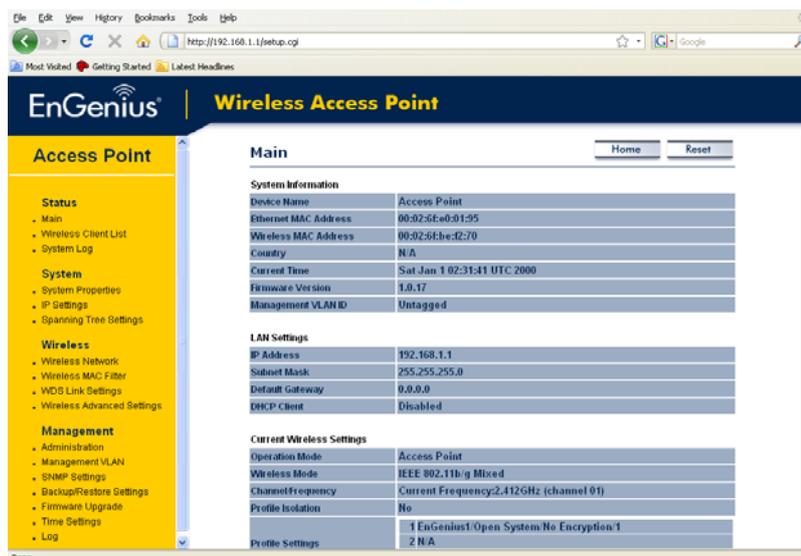
## 4 Access Point Operating Mode

### Logging In

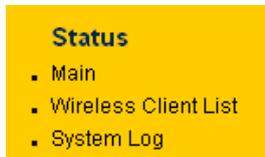
- To configure the device through the web-browser, enter the IP address of the device (default: **192.168.1.1**) into the address bar of the web-browser and press **Enter**.
- Make sure that the device and your computers are configured on the same subnet. Refer to **Chapter 2** in order to configure the IP address of your computer.
- After connecting to the IP address, the web-browser will display the login page.
- Specify **admin** for both the user name and password.



- After logging in you will graphical user interface (GUI) of the device. The navigation drop-down menu on left is divided into four sections:
  1. **Status:** Displays the overall status, connection status, and event log.
  2. **System:** This menu includes the system properties, IP and Spanning Tree settings.
  3. **Wireless:** This menu includes status, basic, advanced, and security.
  4. **Management:** This menu includes the admin setup, SNMP, firmware upgrade, and save/restore backup.



## Status



- Click on the **Status** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see three options: Main, Wireless Client List, and System Log. Each option is described in detail below.

## Main

- Click on the **Main** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. The status that is displayed corresponds with the operating mode that is selected. Information such as operating mode, system up time, firmware version, serial number, kernel version and application version are displayed in the 'System' section. LAN IP address, subnet mask, and MAC address are displayed in the 'LAN' section. In the 'Wireless' section, the frequency, channel is displayed. Since this device supports multiple-SSIDs, the details of each SSID, such as ESSID and its security settings are displayed.

Main		Home	Reset
<b>System Information</b>			
Device Name	Access Point		
Ethernet MAC Address	00:02:6f:e0:01:95		
Wireless MAC Address	00:02:6f:be:f2:70		
Country	N/A		
Current Time	Sat Jan 1 02:32:40 UTC 2000		
Firmware Version	1.0.17		
Management VLAN ID	Untagged		
<b>LAN Settings</b>			
IP Address	192.168.1.1		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0		
DHCP Client	Disabled		
<b>Current Wireless Settings</b>			
Operation Mode	Access Point		
Wireless Mode	IEEE 802.11b/g Mixed		
Channel/Frequency	Current Frequency:2.412GHz (channel 01)		
Profile Isolation	No		
Profile Settings (SSID/Security/VID)	1	EnGenius1/Open System/No Encryption/1	
	2	N/A	
	3	N/A	
	4	N/A	
Spanning Tree Protocol	Disabled		
Distance	1 Km		

### Wireless Client List

- Click on the **Wireless Client List** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the list of Clients that are associated to the Access Point.
- The MAC addresses and signal strength for each client is displayed. Click on the **Refresh** button to refresh the client list

**Client List** Home Reset

#	MAC Addr	RSSI
1	00:02:6f:01:cf:4f	66

Refresh

### System Log

- Click on the **System Log** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. The device automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in its internal memory. If there is not enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted, but logs of the latest events are retained.

**System Log** Home Reset

Show log type: Information

Local Log

- All
- Information
- Notice
- Warning
- Error
- Critical
- Alert
- Emergency

## System



- Click on the **System** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see three options: System Properties, IP Settings, and Spanning Tree Settings. Each option is described in detail below.

## System Properties

- Click on the **System Properties** link under the **System** drop-down menu. This page allows you to switch the operating mode of the device, as well as specify a name and select the operating region.

**System Properties** Home Reset

Device Name	Access Point ( 1 to 32 characters )
Country/Region	Please Select a Country Code
Operation Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Access Point <input type="radio"/> Client Bridge <input type="radio"/> Client Router

Apply Cancel

- Device Name:** Specify a name for the device (this is not the SSID),
- Country/Region:** Select a country from the drop-down list.
- Operating Mode:** Select and operating mode. Configuration for each operating mode is described in their respective chapters.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## IP Settings

- Click on the **IP Settings** link under the **System** drop-down menu This page allows you to configure the device with a static IP address or a DHCP client.

**IP Settings** Home Reset

IP Network Setting	<input type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Specify an IP address
IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 1
IP Subnet Mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default Gateway	0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Apply Cancel

- IP Network Setting:** Select **Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)** radio button if the Access Point is connected to a DHCP server. This will allow the Access

Point to pass IP addresses to the clients associated with it. You may select **Specify an IP Address** radio button if you would like the device to use a static IP address. In this case, you would be required to specify an IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway IP address.

- **IP Address:** Specify an IP address
- **IP Subnet Mask:** Specify the subnet mask for the IP address
- **Default Gateway:** Specify the IP address of the default gateway.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## Spanning Tree Settings

- Click on the **Spanning Tree** link under the **System** drop-down menu Spanning-Tree Protocol is a link management protocol that provides path redundancy while preventing undesirable loops in the network.

### Spanning Tree Settings

Home
Reset

Spanning Tree Status	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
Bridge Hello Time	1 seconds (1-10)
Bridge Max Age	20 seconds (6-40)
Bridge Forward Delay	4 seconds (4-30)
Priority	8000 seconds (0-65535)

Apply
Cancel

- **Spanning Tree Status:** Choose to enable or disable the spanning tree feature.
- **Bridge Hello Time:** Specify the number of seconds for the hello time.
- **Bridge Max Age:** Specify the number of seconds for the max age.
- **Bridge Forward Delay:** Specify the number of seconds for the bridge forward delay.
- **Priority:** Specify the number of seconds for the priority.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## Wireless



- Click on the **Wireless** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see four options: wireless network, wireless MAC filter, WDS link settings, and wireless advanced settings. Each option is described below.

## Wireless Network

- The **Wireless Network** page allows you to configure the wireless mode, channel, SSID, and security settings.

### Wireless Network

[Home](#)
[Reset](#)

---

**Wireless Setting**

<b>Wireless Mode</b>	802.11b/g Mixed (2.4GHz/54Mbps) ▾
<b>Channel / Frequency</b>	Ch1-2.412GHz ▾
<b>SSID</b>	EnGenius (1 to 32 characters)
<b>Suppressed SSID</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Station Separation</b>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable

**Wireless Security**

<b>Security Mode</b>	Disabled ▾
----------------------	------------

[Apply](#)
[Cancel](#)

- Wireless Mode:** Depending on the type of wireless clients that are connected to the network, you may select **B**, **G**, **B/G-mixed** or **Super-G**. If you are not sure about which clients will be accessing the wireless networks, it is recommended that you select **B/G-mixed** for the best performance.
- Super-G** is a proprietary mode which combines all channels into a single channel to maximize the through-put up to 200%. Please be aware that Super-G works only with other Super-G supported devices.
- Channel:** Select a channel from the drop-down list. The channels available are based on the country's regulation. When selecting Infrastructure mode, a channel is not required, however, when selecting Adhoc mode, you must select the same channel on all points.

## Wireless Security - WEP

- Security Mode:** Select **WEP** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses WEP encryption. WEP is an acronym for Wired Equivalent Privacy, and is a security

protocol that provides the same level of security for wireless networks as for a wired network.

Wireless Setting	
SSID	EnGenius1 (1 to 32 characters)
VLAN ID	1 (1~4095)
Suppressed SSID	<input type="checkbox"/>
Station Separation	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

Wireless Security	
Security Mode	WEP
Auth Type	Open Key
Input Type	Hex
Key Length	40/64-bit (10 hex digits or 5 ASCII char)
Default	<input type="checkbox"/> 40/64-bit (10 hex digits or 5 ASCII char) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 104/128-bit (26 hex digits or 13 ASCII char) <input type="checkbox"/> 128/152-bit (32 hex digits or 16 ASCII char)
Key1	<input type="text"/>
Key2	<input type="text"/>
Key3	<input type="text"/>
Key4	<input type="text"/>

- **Authentication Type:** Select an authentication method. Options available are **Open Key**, **Shared Key** or **Auto**. An open system allows any client to authenticate as long as it conforms to any MAC address filter policies that may have been set. All authentication packets are transmitted without encryption. Shared Key sends an unencrypted challenge text string to any device attempting to communicate with the Access Point. The device requesting authentication encrypts the challenge text and sends it back to the Access Point. If the challenge text is encrypted correctly, the Access Point allows the requesting device to authenticate. It is recommended to select Auto if you are not sure which authentication type is used.
- **Input Type:** Select He or ASCII from the drop-down list
- **Key Length:** Select a key format from the drop-down list. 64bit-hex keys require 10 characters, where as 128-bit keys require 26 characters. A hex key is defined as a number between 0 through 9 and letter between A through F.
- **Default Key:** You may use up to four different keys for four different networks. Select the current key that will be used.
- **Key 1-4:** You may enter four different WEP keys.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### Wireless Security – WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, WPA-Mixed

- **Security Mode:** Select **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA-Mixed** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses WPA pre-shared key.

**Wireless Setting**

<b>Wireless Mode</b>	802.11b/g Mixed (2.4GHz/54Mbps) ▼
<b>Channel / Frequency</b>	Ch1-2.412GHz ▼
<b>SSID</b>	EnGenius (1 to 32 characters)
<b>Suppressed SSID</b>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<b>Station Separation</b>	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

**Wireless Security**

<b>Security Mode</b>	WPA-PSK ▼
<b>Encryption</b>	Auto ▼
<b>Passphrase</b>	passphrase1 (8 to 63 characters)
<b>Group Key Update Interval</b>	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)

Apply Cancel

- **Encryption:** Select **TKIP** or **AES** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses this encryption. WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) was designed to improve upon the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy). The technology is designed to work with existing Wi-Fi products that have been enabled with WEP. WPA provides improved data encryption through the Temporal Integrity Protocol (TKIP), which scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and by adding an integrity checking feature which makes sure that keys haven't been tampered with.
- **Passphrase:** Specify a passphrase that is shared amongst the Access Points and clients.
- **Group Key Update Interval:** Specify the number of seconds after which the Access Point will probe the client for the passphrase.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

**Wireless Security – WPA, WPA2**

- **Security Mode:** Select **WPA** or **WPA2** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses WPA. WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) was designed to improve upon the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy). The technology is designed to work with existing Wi-Fi products that have been enabled with WEP. WPA provides improved data encryption through the Temporal Integrity Protocol (TKIP), which scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and by adding an integrity checking feature which makes sure that keys haven't been tampered with.

**Wireless Setting**

Wireless Mode	802.11b/g Mixed (2.4GHz/54Mbps)
Channel / Frequency	Ch1-2.412GHz
SSID	EnGenius (1 to 32 characters)
Suppressed SSID	<input type="checkbox"/>
Station Separation	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable

**Wireless Security**

Security Mode	WPA
Encryption	Auto
Radius Server	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Radius Port	1812
Radius Secret	secret1
Group Key Update Interval	3600 seconds(30~3600, 0: disabled)

Apply Cancel

- **Encryption:** Select **TKIP** or **AES** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses this encryption.
- **RADIUS IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server.
- **RADIUS Port:** Enter the port number of the RADIUS server. The default is usually 1812.
- **RADIUS Secret:** Enter the shared password of the RADIUS server.
- **Group Key Update Interval:** Specify the number of seconds after which the Access Point will probe the client for the secret.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

**Wireless MAC Filter**

- Click on the **Wireless MAC Filter** link under the **Wireless** menu. On this page you can filter the MAC address by allowing or blocking access the network.

**Wireless MAC Filter** Home Reset

---

ACL Mode: Disabled

	MAC Address	
1	00:11:22:33:22:23	Delete
2	77:88:77:55:77:88	Delete

Apply

- **ACL (Access Control) Mode:** You may choose to **Disable**, **Allow Listed**, or **Deny Listed** MAC addresses from associating with the network. By selecting **Allow MAC**

in the List, only the address listed in the table will have access to the network; all other clients will be blocked. On the other hand, selected **Deny MAC in the List**, only the listed MAC addresses will be blocked from accessing the network; all other clients will have access to the network.

- **MAC Address:** Enter the MAC address.
- This table lists the blocked or allowed MAC addresses; you may delete selected MAC address or delete all the addresses from the table by clicking on the **Delete** button.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### Wireless Advanced Settings

- Click on the **Wireless Advanced Settings** link. On this page you can configure the advanced settings to tweak the performance of your wireless network. Options available are: data rate, transmit power, fragmentation threshold, RTS threshold, protection mode and distance.

### Wireless Advanced Settings

Home
Reset

---

Data Rate	Auto
Transmit Power	20 dBm
Fragment Length (256 - 2346)	2346 bytes
RTS/CTS Threshold (1 - 2346)	2346 bytes
Protection Mode	Disable
WMM	Disable
Distance (1-30km)	1 km

Apply
Cancel

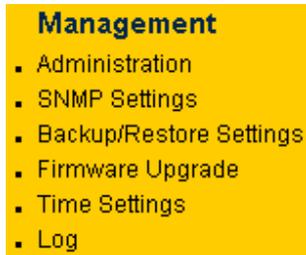
- **Data Rate:** If you would like to force a data rate, you may select one from the drop-down list. However, for best performance it is recommended to use the **Auto** setting.
- **Transmit Power:** You may have the different application distance of the device by selecting a value from the drop-down list. This feature can be helpful in restricting the coverage area of the wireless network.
- You can arrange the different data rate in distance in Access Point mode. Please refer below table. The table only for 11g and 11b/g mix mode

	6M-24M	36M	48M	54M
High	↓	↓	↓	Great
Ultra High	↓	↓	Great	N/A
Super	↓	Great	NA	N/A
Extreme	Great	N/A	N/A	N/A

- **Fragment:** Packets over the specified size will be fragmented in order to improve performance on noisy networks.

- **RTS Threshold:** Packets over the specified size will use the RTS/CTS mechanism to maintain performance in noisy networks and preventing hidden nodes from degrading the performance.
- **Protection Mode:** If your wireless network is using both 802.11b and 802.g devices then it is recommended to enable this feature so that the 802.11b devices will not degrade the performance of 802.11g devices.
- **WMM:** Enable wireless Quality of Service
- **Distance (1-30km):** Specify a distance between 1 and 30Km.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## Management



- Click on the **Management** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see seven options: administration, SNMP settings, backup/restore settings, firmware upgrade, time settings, and log. Each option is described below.

## Administration

- Click on the **Administration** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to create a user name and password for the device. By default, this device is configured without a user name and password **admin**. For security reasons it is highly recommended that you create a new user name and password.

The image shows a web interface for "Administration". At the top right, there are two buttons: "Home" and "Reset". Below the title, there is a section titled "Administrator" with three input fields:

Administrator	
Name	admin
Password	•••••
Confirm Password	•••••

At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: "Apply" and "Cancel".

- **Name:** Specify a user name into the first field.
- **Password:** Specify a password into this field and then re-type the password into the **Confirm Password** field.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## SNMP Settings

- Click on the **SNMP Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to assign the contact details, location, community name and trap settings for SNMP. This is a networking management protocol used to monitor network-attached devices. SNMP allows messages (called protocol data units) to be sent to various parts of a network. Upon receiving these messages, SNMP-compatible devices (called agents) return data stored in their Management Information Bases. .

**SNMP Settings**

Home

Reset

SNMP Enable/Disable	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable
Contact	admin
Location	US
Community Name (Read Only)	public
Community Name (Read/Write)	private
Trap Destination IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 78
Trap Destination Community Name	public

Apply

Cancel

- **SNMP Enable/Disable:** Choose to **enable** or **disable** the SNMP feature.
- **Contact:** Specify the contact details of the device.
- **Location:** Specify the location of the device.
- **Read-Only Community Name:** Specify the password for access the SNMP community for read only access.
- **Read-Write Community Name:** Specify the password for access to the SNMP community with read/write access.
- **Send SNMP Trap:** Specify the IP address of the computer that will receive the SNMP traps.
- **Trap Community Name:** Specify the password for the SNMP trap community.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

**Backup/Restore settings, Reset to factory default settings**

- Click on the **Backup/Restore Setting** link under the **Management** menu. This option is used to save the current settings of the device in a file on your local disk or load settings on to the device from a local disk. This feature is very handy for administrators who have several devices that need to be configured with the same settings.

**Backup/Restore Settings**

Home

Reset

Save A Copy Of Current Settings	Backup
Restore Saved Settings From A File	<input type="text"/> Browse... Restore
Revert To Factory Default Settings	Factory Default

- **Save a copy of the current settings:** Click on the Backup button to save the current configuration.

- **Restore saved settings from a file:** Once a file has been backed up, you may restore it by clicking on the Browse button to select the file, and then the **Restore** button.
- **Revert to factory default settings:** Click on the Factory Default Settings button to reset the device to the default settings. Please wait while the device restart and then access the device using the default IP address: 192.168.1.1

## System Rebooting...

---

**Rebooting, Please wait...** 

[Click here when AP is ready](#)

---

## Firmware Upgrade

- Click on the **Upgrade Firmware** link under the **Management** menu. This page is used to upgrade the firmware on the device. Make sure that downloaded the appropriate firmware from your vendor.

### Firmware Upgrade

---

Current firmware version: 1.0.17

Locate and select the upgrade file from your hard disk:

---

- Click on the **Browse** button and then select the appropriate firmware and then click on the **Upgrade** button.  
**Note:** The upgrade process may take about 1 minute to complete. Do not power off the device during this process as it may crash the device and make it unusable. The device will restart automatically once the upgrade is complete.

## Time Settings

- Click on the **Time Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This page allows you to configure the time on the device. You may do this manually or by connecting to a NTP server.

**Time Settings** Home Reset

---

**Time**

**Manually Set Date and Time**  
 2000 / 01 / 01 00 : 02

**Automatically Get Date and Time**  
 Time Zone: UTC+00:00 England  
 **User defined NTP Server:** 192 . 168 . 1 . 99

---

Apply Cancel

- Manually Set Date and Time:** Specify the date and time
- Automatically Get Date and Time:** Select the time zone from the drop down list and then specify the IP address of the NTP server.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## Log

- Click on the **Log** link under the **Management** menu. The **Log** page displays a list of events that are triggered on the Ethernet and Wireless interface. This log can be referred when an unknown error occurs on the system or when a report needs to be sent to the technical support department for debugging purposes.

**Log** Home Reset

---

**Syslog**

Syslog Enable

Log Server IP Address 192 . 168 . 1 . 67

---

**Local log**

Local Log Enable

---

Apply Cancel

- Syslog:** Choose to enable or disable the system log.
- Log Server IP Address:** Specify the IP address of the server that will receive the system log.
- Local Log:** Choose to enable or disable the local log.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

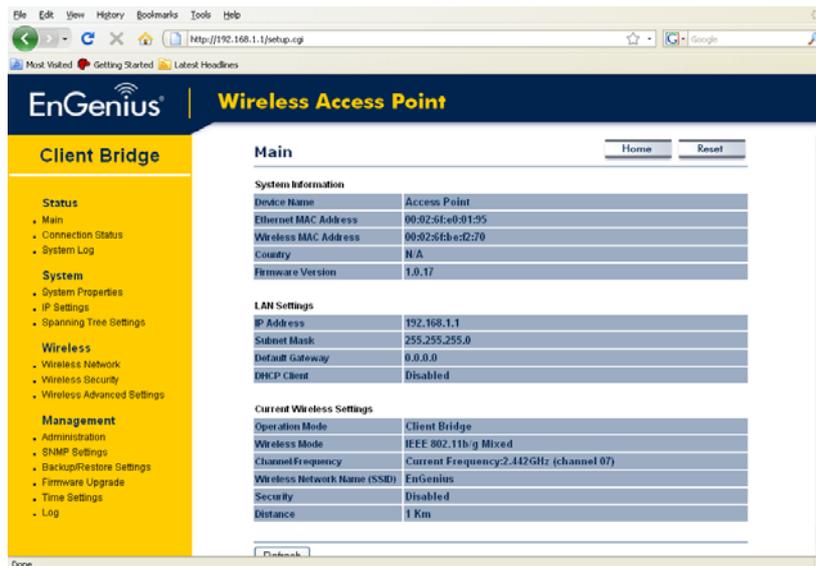
## 5 Client Bridge Operating Mode

### 5.1 Logging In

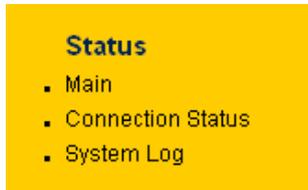
- To configure the device through the web-browser, enter the IP address of the device (default: **192.168.1.1**) into the address bar of the web-browser and press **Enter**.
- Make sure that the device and your computers are configured on the same subnet. Refer to **Chapter 2** in order to configure the IP address of your computer.
- After connecting to the IP address, the web-browser will display the login page.
- Specify **admin** for both the user name and password.



- After logging in you will graphical user interface (GUI) of the device. The navigation drop-down menu on left is divided into four sections:
  1. **Status:** Displays the overall status, connection status, and event log.
  2. **System:** This menu includes the system properties, IP and Spanning Tree settings.
  3. **Wireless:** This menu includes status, basic, advanced, and security.
  4. **Management:** This menu includes the admin setup, SNMP, firmware upgrade, and save/restore backup.



## 5.2 Status



- Click on the **Status** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see three options: Main, Connection Status, and System Log. Each option is described in detail below.

### 5.2.1 Main

- Click on the **Main** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. The status that is displayed corresponds with the operating mode that is selected. Information such as operating mode, system up time, firmware version, serial number, kernel version and application version are displayed in the 'System' section. LAN IP address, subnet mask, and MAC address are displayed in the 'LAN' section. In the 'Wireless' section, the frequency, channel is displayed. Since this device supports multiple-SSIDs, the details of each SSID, such as ESSID and its security settings are displayed.

#### Main

[Home](#)
[Reset](#)

##### System Information

Device Name	Access Point
Ethernet MAC Address	00:02:6f:e0:01:95
Wireless MAC Address	00:02:6f:be:f2:70
Country	N/A
Firmware Version	1.0.17

##### LAN Settings

IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
DHCP Client	Disabled

##### Current Wireless Settings

Operation Mode	Client Bridge
Wireless Mode	IEEE 802.11b/g Mixed
Channel/Frequency	Current Frequency:2.422GHz (channel 03)
Wireless Network Name (SSID)	EnGenius
Security	Disabled
Distance	1 Km

### 5.2.2 Connection Status

- Click on the **Connection Status** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the current status of the network, including network type, SSID, BSSID, connection status, wireless mode, current channel, security, data rate, noise level and signal strength.

#### Connection Status

Home
Reset

---

Network Type	Client Bridge
SSID	EnGenius
BSSID	N/A
Connection Status	N/A
Wireless Mode	N/A
Current Channel	N/A
Security	N/A
Tx Data Rate(Mbps)	N/A
Current noise level	N/A
Signal strength	N/A

---

Refresh

### 5.2.3 System Log

- Click on the **System Log** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. The device automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in its internal memory. If there is not enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted, but logs of the latest events are retained.

#### System Log

Home
Reset

---

Show log type

Local Log

Information

- All
- Information
- Notice
- Warning
- Error
- Critical
- Alert
- Emergency

### 5.3 System

**System**

- System Properties
- IP Settings
- Spanning Tree Settings

- Click on the **System** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see three options: System Properties, IP Settings, and Spanning Tree Settings. Each option is described in detail below.

#### 5.3.1 System Properties

- Click on the **System Properties** link under the **System** drop-down menu. This page allows you to switch the operating mode of the device, as well as specify a name and select the operating region.

### System Properties

[Home](#)
[Reset](#)

Device Name	<input type="text" value="ClientBridge"/> ( 1 to 32 characters )
Country/Region	<input type="text" value="Please Select a Country Code"/>
Operation Mode	<input type="radio"/> Access Point <input checked="" type="radio"/> Client Bridge <input type="radio"/> Client Router

- **Device Name:** Specify a name for the device (this is not the SSID),
- **Country/Region:** Select a country from the drop-down list.
- **Operating Mode:** Select and operating mode. Configuration for each operating mode is described in their respective chapters.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

#### 5.3.2 IP Settings

- Click on the **IP Settings** link under the **System** drop-down menu This page allows you to configure the device with a static IP address or a DHCP client.

### IP Settings

[Home](#)
[Reset](#)

IP Network Setting	<input type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) <input checked="" type="radio"/> Specify an IP address
IP Address	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/>
IP Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="255"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>
Default Gateway	<input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/> . <input type="text" value="0"/>

- **IP Network Setting:** Select **Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)** radio button if the Access Point is connected to a DHCP server. This will allow the Access Point to pass IP addresses to the clients associated with it. You may select **Specify an IP Address** radio button if you would like the device to use a static IP address. In this case, you would be required to specify an IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway IP address.
- **IP Address:** Specify an IP address
- **IP Subnet Mask:** Specify the subnet mask for the IP address
- **Default Gateway:** Specify the IP address of the default gateway.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 5.3.3 Spanning Tree Settings

- Click on the **Spanning Tree** link under the **System** drop-down menu Spanning-Tree Protocol is a link management protocol that provides path redundancy while preventing undesirable loops in the network.

#### Spanning Tree Settings

Home
Reset

Spanning Tree Status	<input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
Bridge Hello Time	<input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="1"/> seconds (1-10)
Bridge Max Age	<input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="20"/> seconds (6-40)
Bridge Forward Delay	<input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="4"/> seconds (4-30)
Priority	<input style="width: 60px;" type="text" value="8000"/> seconds (0-65535)

Apply
Cancel

- **Spanning Tree Status:** Choose to enable or disable the spanning tree feature.
- **Bridge Hello Time:** Specify the number of seconds for the hello time.
- **Bridge Max Age:** Specify the number of seconds for the max age.
- **Bridge Forward Delay:** Specify the number of seconds for the bridge forward delay.
- **Priority:** Specify the number of seconds for the priority.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## 5.4 Wireless

**Wireless**

- Wireless Network
- Wireless Security
- Wireless Advanced Settings

- Click on the **Wireless** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see three options: wireless network, wireless security, and wireless advanced settings. Each option is described below.

### 5.4.1 Wireless Network

- The **Wireless Network** page allows you to configure the wireless mode, channel, SSID, and security settings.

### Wireless Network

Home
Reset

---

**Wireless Mode**

802.11b/g Mixed (2.4GHz/54Mbps) ▼

**SSID**

Specify the static SSID :

 ( 1 to 32 characters )  
 Or press the button to search for any available WLAN Service.  

Site Survey

Apply
Cancel

- **Wireless Mode:** Depending on the type of wireless clients that are connected to the network, you may select **B**, **G**, or **B/G-mixed**. If you are not sure about which clients will be accessing the wireless networks, it is recommended that you select **B/G-mixed** for the best performance.
- **SSID:** The SSID is a unique named shared amongst all the points of the wireless network. The SSID must be identical on all points of the wireless network and cannot exceed 32 characters. You may specify an SSID or select one from the **Site Survey**.
- **Site Survey:** Click on the **Site Survey** button in order to scan the 2.4GHz frequency for devices that broadcast their SSID. Click on the **BSSID** link to connect to the Access Point. Click on the **Refresh** button to re-scan the frequency.

### Site Survey

**2.4GHz Site Survey** i:Infrastructure i:Ad\_hoc

BSSID	SSID	Channel	Signal	Type	Security	Network Mode
00:e0:4c:81:86:21	DinoNet	1	-86 dBm	B	WEP	<span style="color: blue;">i</span>
00:13:f7:7c:6f:43	SMC	6	-105 dBm	G	NONE	<span style="color: blue;">i</span>

Refresh

## 5.4.2 Wireless Security - WEP

- **Security Mode:** Select **WEP** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses WEP encryption. WEP is an acronym for Wired Equivalent Privacy, and is a security protocol that provides the same level of security for wireless networks as for a wired network.

### Wireless Security

---

Changing the wireless security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one. This may temporarily disrupt your configuration session.

<b>Security Mode</b>	WEP <input type="button" value="v"/>
<b>Auth Type</b>	Open Key <input type="button" value="v"/>
<b>Input Type</b>	Hex <input type="button" value="v"/>
<b>Key Length</b>	40/64-bit (10 hex digits or 5 ASCII char) <input type="button" value="v"/>
<b>Default Key</b>	1 <input type="button" value="v"/>
<b>Key1</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Key2</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Key3</b>	<input type="text"/>
<b>Key4</b>	<input type="text"/>

---

- **Authentication Type:** Select an authentication method. Options available are **Open Key**, **Shared Key** or **Auto**. An open system allows any client to authenticate as long as it conforms to any MAC address filter policies that may have been set. All authentication packets are transmitted without encryption. Shared Key sends an unencrypted challenge text string to any device attempting to communicate with the Access Point. The device requesting authentication encrypts the challenge text and sends it back to the Access Point. If the challenge text is encrypted correctly, the Access Point allows the requesting device to authenticate. It is recommended to select Auto if you are not sure which authentication type is used.
- **Input Type:** Select He or ASCII from the drop-down list
- **Key Length:** Select a key format from the drop-down list. 64bit-hex keys require 10 characters, where as 128-bit keys require 26 characters. A hex key is defined as a number between 0 through 9 and letter between A through F.
- **Default Key:** You may use up to four different keys for four different networks. Select the current key that will be used.
- **Key 1-4:** You may enter four different WEP keys.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 5.4.3 Wireless Security – WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK,

- **Security Mode:** Select **WPA-PSK**, or **WPA2-PSK** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses WPA pre-shared key.

#### Wireless Security

Home
Reset

---

Changing the wireless security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one. This may temporarily disrupt your configuration session.

<b>Security Mode</b>	WPA2-PSK <span style="font-size: small;">▼</span>
<b>Encryption</b>	TKIP <span style="font-size: small;">▼</span>
<b>Passphrase</b>	<input style="width: 90%;" type="text" value=""/> (8 to 63 characters)

---

Apply
Cancel

- **Encryption:** Select **TKIP** or **AES** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses this encryption. WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) was designed to improve upon the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy). The technology is designed to work with existing Wi-Fi products that have been enabled with WEP. WPA provides improved data encryption through the Temporal Integrity Protocol (TKIP), which scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and by adding an integrity checking feature which makes sure that keys haven't been tampered with.
- **Passphrase:** Specify a passphrase that is shared amongst the Access Points and clients.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 5.4.4 Wireless Advanced Settings

- Click on the **Wireless Advanced Settings** link. On this page you can configure the advanced settings to tweak the performance of your wireless network. Options available are: data rate, transmit power, fragmentation threshold, RTS threshold, protection mode and distance.

#### Wireless Advanced Settings

Home
Reset

---

<b>Data Rate</b>	Auto <span style="font-size: small;">▼</span>
<b>Transmit Power</b>	20 dBm <span style="font-size: small;">▼</span>
<b>Fragment Length (256 - 2346)</b>	2346 <span style="font-size: small;">bytes</span>
<b>RTS/CTS Threshold (1 - 2346)</b>	2346 <span style="font-size: small;">bytes</span>
<b>Protection Mode</b>	Disable <span style="font-size: small;">▼</span>
<b>Distance (1-30km)</b>	1 <span style="font-size: small;">km</span>

---

Apply
Cancel

- **Data Rate:** If you would like to force a data rate, you may select one from the drop-down list. However, for best performance it is recommended to use the **Auto** setting.

- **Transmit Power:** You may have the different application distance of the device by selecting a value from the drop-down list. This feature can be helpful in restricting the coverage area of the wireless network.
- You can arrange the different data rate in distance in Access Point mode. Please refer below table. The table only for 11g and 11b/g mix mode

	6M-24M	36M	48M	54M
High	▼	▼	▼	<b>Great</b>
Ultra High	▼	▼	<b>Great</b>	N/A
Super	▼	<b>Great</b>	NA	N/A
Extreme	<b>Great</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A

- **Fragment:** Packets over the specified size will be fragmented in order to improve performance on noisy networks.
- **RTS Threshold:** Packets over the specified size will use the RTS/CTS mechanism to maintain performance in noisy networks and preventing hidden nodes from degrading the performance.
- **Protection Mode:** If your wireless network is using both 802.11b and 802.g devices then it is recommended to enable this feature so that the 802.11b devices will not degrade the performance of 802.11g devices.
- **Distance (1-30km):** Specify a distance between 1 and 30Km.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## 5.5 Management



- Click on the **Management** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see six options: administration, SNMP settings, backup/restore settings, firmware upgrade, time settings, and log. Each option is described below.

### 5.5.1 Administration

- Click on the **Administration** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to create a user name and password for the device. By default, this device is configured without a user name and password **admin**. For security reasons it is highly recommended that you create a new user name and password.

**Administration**

Home

Reset

**Administrator**

<b>Name</b>	admin
<b>Password</b>	•••••
<b>Confirm Password</b>	•••••

Apply

Cancel

- **Name:** Specify a user name into the first field.
- **Password:** Specify a password into this field and then re-type the password into the **Confirm Password** field.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

**5.5.2 SNMP Settings**

- Click on the **SNMP Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to assign the contact details, location, community name and trap settings for SNMP. This is a networking management protocol used to monitor network-attached devices. SNMP allows messages (called protocol data units) to be sent to various parts of a network. Upon receiving these messages, SNMP-compatible devices (called agents) return data stored in their Management Information Bases. .

**SNMP Settings**

Home

Reset

<b>SNMP Enable/Disable</b>	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable
<b>Contact</b>	admin
<b>Location</b>	US
<b>Community Name (Read Only)</b>	public
<b>Community Name (Read/Write)</b>	private
<b>Trap Destination IP Address</b>	192 . 168 . 1 . 78
<b>Trap Destination Community Name</b>	public

Apply

Cancel

- **SNMP Enable/Disable:** Choose to **enable** or **disable** the SNMP feature.
- **Contact:** Specify the contact details of the device.
- **Location:** Specify the location of the device.
- **Read-Only Community Name:** Specify the password for access the SNMP community for read only access.
- **Read-Write Community Name:** Specify the password for access to the SNMP community with read/write access.
- **Send SNMP Trap:** Specify the IP address of the computer that will receive the SNMP traps.
- **Trap Community Name:** Specify the password for the SNMP trap community.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 5.5.3 Backup/Restore settings, Reset to factory default settings

- Click on the **Backup/Restore Setting** link under the **Management** menu. This option is used to save the current settings of the device in a file on your local disk or load settings on to the device from a local disk. This feature is very handy for administrators who have several devices that need to be configured with the same settings.

**Backup/Restore Settings** Home Reset

---

Save A Copy Of Current Settings	<input type="button" value="Backup"/>
Restore Saved Settings From A File	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse..."/> <input type="button" value="Restore"/>
Revert To Factory Default Settings	<input type="button" value="Factory Default"/>

- **Save a copy of the current settings:** Click on the Backup button to save the current configuration.
- **Restore saved settings from a file:** Once a file has been backed up, you may restore it by clicking on the Browse button to select the file, and then the **Restore** button.
- **Revert to factory default settings:** Click on the Factory Default Settings button to reset the device to the default settings. Please wait while the device restart and then access the device using the default IP address: 192.168.1.1

### System Rebooting...

Rebooting, Please wait... 

[Click here when AP is ready](#)

### 5.5.4 Firmware Upgrade

- Click on the **Upgrade Firmware** link under the **Management** menu. This page is used to upgrade the firmware on the device. Make sure that downloaded the appropriate firmware from your vendor.

## Firmware Upgrade

[Home](#)
[Reset](#)

Current firmware version: 1.0.17

Locate and select the upgrade file from your hard disk:


- Click on the **Browse** button and then select the appropriate firmware and then click on the **Upgrade** button.  
**Note:** The upgrade process may take about 1 minute to complete. Do not power off the device during this process as it may crash the device and make it unusable. The device will restart automatically once the upgrade is complete.

### 5.5.5 Time Settings

- Click on the **Time Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This page allows you to configure the time on the device. You may do this manually or by connecting to a NTP server.

## Time Settings

[Home](#)
[Reset](#)

**Time**

**Manually Set Date and Time**  
 /  /   :

**Automatically Get Date and Time**  
 Time Zone:

**User defined NTP Server:**  .  .  .

- Manually Set Date and Time:** Specify the date and time
- Automatically Get Date and Time:** Select the time zone from the drop down list and then specify the IP address of the NTP server.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 5.5.6 Log

- Click on the **Log** link under the **Management** menu. The **Log** page displays a list of events that are triggered on the Ethernet and Wireless interface. This log can be referred when an unknown error occurs on the system or when a report needs to be sent to the technical support department for debugging purposes.

**Log**

---

**Syslog**

Syslog	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>
Log Server IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 67

**Local log**

Local Log	Enable <input type="button" value="v"/>
-----------	---

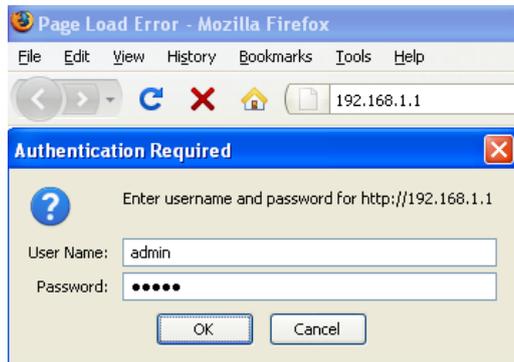
---

- **Syslog:** Choose to enable or disable the system log.
- **Log Server IP Address:** Specify the IP address of the server that will receive the system log.
- **Local Log:** Choose to enable or disable the local log.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

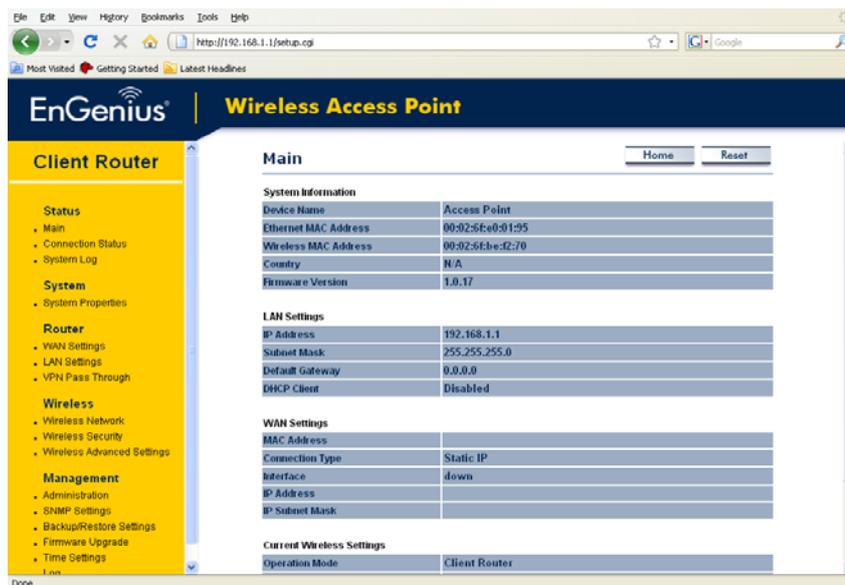
## 6 Client Router Operating Mode

### 6.1 Logging In

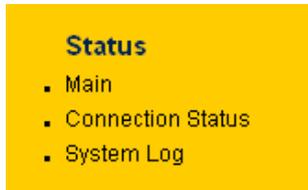
- To configure the device through the web-browser, enter the IP address of the device (default: **192.168.1.1**) into the address bar of the web-browser and press **Enter**.
- Make sure that the device and your computers are configured on the same subnet. Refer to **Chapter 2** in order to configure the IP address of your computer.
- After connecting to the IP address, the web-browser will display the login page.
- Specify **admin** for both the user name and password.



- After logging in you will graphical user interface (GUI) of the device. The navigation drop-down menu on left is divided into four sections:
  1. **Status:** Displays the overall status, connection status, and event log.
  2. **System:** This menu includes the system properties, IP and Spanning Tree settings.
  3. **Router:** This includes WAN, LAN, and VPN settings.
  4. **Wireless:** This menu includes status, basic, advanced, and security.
  5. **Management:** This menu includes the admin setup, SNMP, firmware upgrade, and save/restore backup.



## 6.2 Status



- Click on the **Status** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see three options: Main, Connection Status, and System Log. Each option is described in detail below.

### 6.2.1 Main

- Click on the **Main** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. The status that is displayed corresponds with the operating mode that is selected. Information such as operating mode, system up time, firmware version, serial number, kernel version and application version are displayed in the 'System' section. LAN IP address, subnet mask, and MAC address are displayed in the 'LAN' section. In the 'Wireless section, the frequency, channel is displayed. Since this device supports multiple-SSIDs, the details of each SSID, such as ESSID and its security settings are displayed. The 'WAN' section displays the MAC address, connection type, interface, IP address, and subnet mask.

**Main** [Home](#) [Reset](#)

---

**System Information**

Device Name	Access Point
Ethernet MAC Address	00:02:6f:e0:01:95
Wireless MAC Address	00:02:6f:be:f2:70
Country	N/A
Firmware Version	1.0.17

**LAN Settings**

IP Address	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
DHCP Client	Disabled

**WAN Settings**

MAC Address	
Connection Type	Static IP
Interface	down
IP Address	
IP Subnet Mask	

**Current Wireless Settings**

Operation Mode	Client Router
Wireless Mode	IEEE 802.11b/g Mixed
Channel/Frequency	Current Frequency:2.452GHz (channel 09)
Distance	1 Km

### 6.2.2 Connection Status

- Click on the **Connection Status** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. This page displays the current status of the network, including network type, SSID, BSSID, connection status, wireless mode, current channel, security, data rate, noise level and signal strength.

Home Reset

---

Connection Status	
Network Type	Client Router
SSID	SMC
BSSID	N/A
Connection Status	N/A
Wireless Mode	N/A
Current Channel	N/A
Security	N/A
Tx Data Rate(Mbps)	N/A
Current noise level	N/A
Signal strength	N/A

Refresh

### 6.2.3 System Log

- Click on the **System Log** link under the **Status** drop-down menu. The device automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in its internal memory. If there is not enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted, but logs of the latest events are retained.

Home Reset

---

Show log type

Information ▼

Local Log

All  
Information  
 Notice  
 Warning  
 Error  
 Critical  
 Alert  
 Emergency

## 6.3 System

### System

- System Properties

- Click on the **System** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see System Properties setting, which is described below.

### 6.3.1 System Properties

- Click on the **System Properties** link under the **System** drop-down menu. This page allows you to switch the operating mode of the device, as well as specify a name and select the operating region.

System Properties		Home	Reset
Device Name	Client Router ( 1 to 32 characters )		
Country/Region	Please Select a Country Code		
Operation Mode	<input type="radio"/> Access Point <input type="radio"/> Client Bridge <input checked="" type="radio"/> Client Router		
<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>			

- Device Name:** Specify a name for the device (this is not the SSID),
- Country/Region:** Select a country from the drop-down list.
- Operating Mode:** Select an operating mode. Configuration for each operating mode is described in their respective chapters.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## 6.4 Router

### Router

- WAN Settings
- LAN Settings
- VPN Pass Through

- Click on the **Router** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see three options: WAN settings, LAN settings, and VPN Pass Through. Each section is described in detail below.

### 6.4.1 WAN Settings

- Click on the **WAN Settings** link under the **Router** drop-down menu. This page allows you to configure the WAN interface as DHCP, Static IP, or PPPoE.

### 6.4.1.1 WAN - DHCP

- The WAN interface can be configured as a DHCP Client in which the ISP provides the IP address to the device. This is also known as Dynamic IP.

#### WAN Settings

Home

Reset

Internet Connection Type	DHCP
<b>Options</b>	
Account Name (if required)	none
Domain Name (if required)	none
MTU	Auto 1500
<b>Domain Name Server (DNS) Address</b>	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Get Automatically From ISP	
<input type="radio"/> Use These DNS Servers	
Primary DNS	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Secondary DNS	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Apply	Cancel

- **Internet Connection Type:** Select the **DHCP** from the drop-down list.
- **Account Name:** Specify an account name if your ISP has provided you with one.
- **Domain Name:** Specify a domain name if the ISP has provided you with one.
- **MTU:** The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) is a parameter that determines the largest packet size (in bytes) that the router will send to the WAN. If LAN devices send larger packets, the router will break them into smaller packets. Ideally, you should set this to match the MTU of the connection to your ISP. Typical values are 1500 bytes for an Ethernet connection and 1492 bytes for a PPPoE connection. If the router's MTU is set too high, packets will be fragmented downstream. If the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and in extreme cases may be unable to establish some connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.
- **Domain Name Service:** Select **Get Automatically from ISP** if the ISP will provide the DNS address, if not, select **Use these DNS servers** and specify the primary and secondary DNS server IP address.
- **Router MAC Address:** If you need to change the MAC address of the router's WAN interface, either type in an alternate MAC address (for example, the MAC address of the router initially connected to the ISP) or click on the **Clone MAC** button.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 6.4.1.2 WAN – Static IP

- The WAN interface can be configured as Static IP address. In this type of connection, your ISP provides you with a dedicated IP address (which does not change as DHCP).

#### WAN Settings

Home

Reset

Internet Connection Type

Static IP

#### Options

Account Name (if required)

none

Domain Name (if required)

none

MTU

Auto

1500

#### Internet IP Address

IP Address

10 . 1 . 1 . 100

IP Subnet Mask

255 . 255 . 0 . 0

Gateway IP Address

10 . 1 . 1 . 150

#### Domain Name Server (DNS) Address

Primary DNS

0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Secondary DNS

0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Apply

Cancel

- **Internet Connection Type:** Select the **Static IP** from the drop-down list.
- **Account Name:** Specify an account name if your ISP has provided you with one.
- **Domain Name:** Specify a domain name if the ISP has provided you with one.
- **MTU:** The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) is a parameter that determines the largest packet size (in bytes) that the router will send to the WAN. If LAN devices send larger packets, the router will break them into smaller packets. Ideally, you should set this to match the MTU of the connection to your ISP. Typical values are 1500 bytes for an Ethernet connection and 1492 bytes for a PPPoE connection. If the router's MTU is set too high, packets will be fragmented downstream. If the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and in extreme cases may be unable to establish some connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.
- **IP Address:** Specify the IP address for this device, which is assigned by your ISP.
- **Subnet Mask:** Specify the subnet mask for this IP address, which is assigned by your ISP.
- **Default Gateway:** Specify the IP address of the default gateway, which is assigned by your ISP.

- **Domain Name Service:** Select **Get Automatically from ISP** if the ISP will provide the DNS address, if not, select **Use these DNS servers** and specify the primary and secondary DNS server IP address.
- **Router MAC Address:** If you need to change the MAC address of the router's WAN interface, either type in an alternate MAC address (for example, the MAC address of the router initially connected to the ISP) or click on the **Clone MAC** button.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 6.4.1.3 WAN – PPPoE

- The WAN interface can be configured as PPPoE. This type of connection is usually used for a DSL service and requires a username and password to connect.

## WAN Settings

Home
Reset

---

**Internet Connection Type** PPPoE ▾

---

**Options**

**MTU** Auto ▾ 1492

---

**PPPoE Options**

**Login** ppoe

**Password** •••••

**Service Name (if required)** pppoe1

**Connect on Demand: Max idle Time** 1 Minutes

**Keep Alive: Redial Period** 30 Seconds

---

**Domain Name Server (DNS) Address**

**Get Automatically From ISP**

**Use These DNS Servers**

**Primary DNS** 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

**Secondary DNS** 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

---

Apply
Cancel

- **Internet Connection Type:** Select **PPPoE** from the drop-down list.
- **MTU:** The Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) is a parameter that determines the largest packet size (in bytes) that the router will send to the WAN. If LAN devices send larger packets, the router will break them into smaller packets. Ideally, you should set this to match the MTU of the connection to your ISP. Typical values are 1500 bytes for an Ethernet connection and 1492 bytes for a PPPoE connection. If the router's MTU is set too high, packets will be fragmented downstream. If the router's MTU is set too low, the router will fragment packets unnecessarily and in extreme cases may be unable to establish some connections. In either case, network performance can suffer.
- **Login:** Specify the user name which is provided by your ISP.
- **Password:** Specify the password which is provided by your ISP, and then verify it once again in the next field.

- **Service Name:** Specify the name of the ISP.
- **Type:** Select a reconnection type: **Keep Alive** (A connection to the Internet is always maintained), **Connect on Demand:** You have to open up the Web-based management interface and click the **Connect** button manually any time that you wish to connect to the Internet.
- **Domain Name Service:** Select **Get Automatically from ISP** if the ISP will provide the DNS address, if not, select **Use these DNS servers** and specify the primary and secondary DNS server IP address.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## 6.4.2 VPN Pass Through

- Click on the **VPN Pass Through** link under the **Router** drop-down menu. This page allows you to enable the pass through feature.

**VPN Pass Through** Home Reset

PPTP Pass Through  
 L2TP Pass Through  
 IPSec Pass Through

Apply Cancel

- **PPTP Pass Through:** Place a check in this box if you would like to enable this pass through. PPTP is a protocol (set of communication rules) that allows corporations to extend their own corporate network through private "tunnels"
- **L2TP Pass Through:** Place a check in this box if you would like to enable this pass through. Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol is a transport protocol that enables tunneling through the Internet for the establishment of virtual private networks.
- **IPSec Pass Through:** Place a check in this box if you would like to enable this pass through. IPSec is a VPN protocol used to implement secure exchange of packets at the IP layer.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## 6.5 Wireless



- Click on the **Wireless** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see three options: wireless network, wireless security, and wireless advanced settings. Each option is described below.

### 6.5.1 Wireless Network

- The **Wireless Network** page allows you to configure the wireless mode, channel, SSID, and security settings.

### Wireless Network

---

<b>Wireless Mode</b>	802.11b/g Mixed (2.4GHz/54Mbps) ▼
<b>SSID</b>	Specify the static SSID : <input type="text" value="EnGenius"/> ( 1 to 32 characters ) Or press the button to search for any available WLAN Service. <input type="button" value="Site Survey"/>

- **Wireless Mode:** Depending on the type of wireless clients that are connected to the network, you may select **B**, **G**, or **B/G-mixed**. If you are not sure about which clients will be accessing the wireless networks, it is recommended that you select **B/G-mixed** for the best performance.
- **SSID:** The SSID is a unique named shared amongst all the points of the wireless network. The SSID must be identical on all points of the wireless network and cannot exceed 32 characters. You may specify an SSID or select one from the **Site Survey**.
- **Site Survey:** Click on the **Site Survey** button in order to scan the 2.4GHz frequency for devices that broadcast their SSID. Click on the **BSSID** link to connect to the Access Point. Click on the **Refresh** button to re-scan the frequency.

### Site Survey

2.4GHz Site Survey 
 :Infrastructure  :Ad\_hoc

BSSID	SSID	Channel	Signal	Type	Security	Network Mode
<a href="#">00:e0:4c:81:86:21</a>	DinoNet	1	-86 dBm	B	WEP	<a href="#">i</a>
<a href="#">00:13:f7:7c:6f:43</a>	SMC	6	-105 dBm	G	NONE	<a href="#">i</a>

#### 6.5.1.1 Wireless Security - WEP

- **Security Mode:** Select **WEP** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses WEP encryption. WEP is an acronym for Wired Equivalent Privacy, and is a security protocol that provides the same level of security for wireless networks as for a wired network.

## Wireless Security

Home

Reset

Changing the wireless security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one. This may temporarily disrupt your configuration session.

Security Mode	WEP
Auth Type	Open Key
Input Type	Hex
Key Length	40/64-bit (10 hex digits or 5 ASCII char)
Default Key	1
Key1	
Key2	
Key3	
Key4	

Apply

Cancel

- **Authentication Type:** Select an authentication method. Options available are **Open Key**, **Shared Key** or **Auto**. An open system allows any client to authenticate as long as it conforms to any MAC address filter policies that may have been set. All authentication packets are transmitted without encryption. Shared Key sends an unencrypted challenge text string to any device attempting to communicate with the Access Point. The device requesting authentication encrypts the challenge text and sends it back to the Access Point. If the challenge text is encrypted correctly, the Access Point allows the requesting device to authenticate. It is recommended to select Auto if you are not sure which authentication type is used.
- **Input Type:** Select He or ASCII from the drop-down list
- **Key Length:** Select a key format from the drop-down list. 64bit-hex keys require 10 characters, where as 128-bit keys require 26 characters. A hex key is defined as a number between 0 through 9 and letter between A through F.
- **Default Key:** You may use up to four different keys for four different networks. Select the current key that will be used.
- **Key 1-4:** You may enter four different WEP keys.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 6.5.1.2 Wireless Security – WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK,

- **Security Mode:** Select **WPA-PSK**, or **WPA2-PSK** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses WPA pre-shared key.

### Wireless Security

Home

Reset

Changing the wireless security settings may cause this wireless client to associate with a different one. This may temporarily disrupt your configuration session.

Security Mode	WPA2-PSK
Encryption	TKIP
Passphrase	<input type="text"/> (8 to 63 characters)

Apply Cancel

- **Encryption:** Select **TKIP** or **AES** from the drop-down list if your wireless network uses this encryption. WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) was designed to improve upon the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy). The technology is designed to work with existing Wi-Fi products that have been enabled with WEP. WPA provides improved data encryption through the Temporal Integrity Protocol (TKIP), which scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and by adding an integrity checking feature which makes sure that keys haven't been tampered with.
- **Passphrase:** Specify a passphrase that is shared amongst the Access Points and clients.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 6.5.2 Wireless Advanced Settings

- Click on the **Wireless Advanced Settings** link. On this page you can configure the advanced settings to tweak the performance of your wireless network. Options available are: data rate, transmit power, fragmentation threshold, RTS threshold, protection mode and distance.

### Wireless Advanced Settings

Home

Reset

Data Rate	Auto
Transmit Power	20 dBm
Fragment Length (256 - 2346)	2346 bytes
RTS/CTS Threshold (1 - 2346)	2346 bytes
Protection Mode	Disable
WMM	Disable
Distance (1-30km)	1 km

Apply Cancel

- **Data Rate:** If you would like to force a data rate, you may select one from the drop-down list. However, for best performance it is recommended to use the **Auto** setting.
- **Transmit Power:** You may have the different application distance of the device by selecting a value from the drop-down list. This feature can be helpful in restricting the coverage area of the wireless network.

- You can arrange the different data rate in distance in Access Point mode. Please refer below table. The table only for 11g and 11b/g mix mode

	6M-24M	36M	48M	54M
High	▼	▼	▼	<b>Great</b>
Ultra High	▼	▼	<b>Great</b>	N/A
Super	▼	<b>Great</b>	NA	N/A
Extreme	<b>Great</b>	N/A	N/A	N/A

- Fragment:** Packets over the specified size will be fragmented in order to improve performance on noisy networks.
- RTS Threshold:** Packets over the specified size will use the RTS/CTS mechanism to maintain performance in noisy networks and preventing hidden nodes from degrading the performance.
- Protection Mode:** If your wireless network is using both 802.11b and 802.g devices then it is recommended to enable this feature so that the 802.11b devices will not degrade the performance of 802.11g devices.
- WMM:** Enable wireless Quality of Service
- Distance (1-30km):** Specify a distance between 1 and 30Km.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## 6.6 Management



- Click on the **Management** link on the navigation drop-down menu. You will then see six options: administration, SNMP settings, backup/restore settings, firmware upgrade, time settings, and log. Each option is described below.

### 5.5.7 Administration

- Click on the **Administration** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to create a user name and password for the device. By default, this device is configured without a user name and password **admin**. For security reasons it is highly recommended that you create a new user name and password.

Administration		Home	Reset
<b>Administrator</b>			
Name	<input type="text" value="admin"/>		
Password	<input type="password" value="•••••"/>		
Confirm Password	<input type="password" value="•••••"/>		
<b>Web Access</b>			
Web Utility Access:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> HTTP	<input type="radio"/> HTTPS	
<b>Remote Access</b>			
Remote Management:	<input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	
Remote Upgrade:	<input type="radio"/> Enable	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	
Remote Management Port:	<input type="text" value="8080"/>		
<input type="button" value="Apply"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>			

- **Name:** Specify a user name into the first field.
- **Password:** Specify a password into this field and then re-type the password into the **Confirm Password** field.
- **Web Access:** Select normal web access **HTTP** or secured web access **HTTPS**.
- **Remote Management:** Choose to enable or disable remote management.
- **Remote Upgrade:** Choose to enable or disable remote firmware upgrade.
- **Remote Management Port:** Specify a port for remote management. For example, if you specify 8080, then you will need to specify *<ip address>:<port>* 192.168.1.1:8080 to connect to the web interface of the device.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 5.5.8 SNMP Settings

- Click on the **SNMP Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This option allows you to assign the contact details, location, community name and trap settings for SNMP. This is a networking management protocol used to monitor network-attached devices. SNMP allows messages (called protocol data units) to be sent to various parts of a network. Upon receiving these messages, SNMP-compatible devices (called agents) return data stored in their Management Information Bases. .

### SNMP Settings Home    Reset

SNMP Enable/Disable	<input type="radio"/> Disable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable
Contact	<input type="text" value="admin"/>
Location	<input type="text" value="US"/>
Community Name (Read Only)	<input type="text" value="public"/>
Community Name (Read/Write)	<input type="text" value="private"/>
Trap Destination IP Address	<input type="text" value="192"/> . <input type="text" value="168"/> . <input type="text" value="1"/> . <input type="text" value="78"/>
Trap Destination Community Name	<input type="text" value="public"/>

Apply    Cancel

- **SNMP Enable/Disable:** Choose to **enable** or **disable** the SNMP feature.
- **Contact:** Specify the contact details of the device.
- **Location:** Specify the location of the device.
- **Read-Only Community Name:** Specify the password for access the SNMP community for read only access.
- **Read-Write Community Name:** Specify the password for access to the SNMP community with read/write access.
- **Send SNMP Trap:** Specify the IP address of the computer that will receive the SNMP traps.
- **Trap Community Name:** Specify the password for the SNMP trap community.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 5.5.9 Backup/Restore settings, Reset to factory default settings

- Click on the **Backup/Restore Setting** link under the **Management** menu. This option is used to save the current settings of the device in a file on your local disk or load settings on to the device from a local disk. This feature is very handy for administrators who have several devices that need to be configured with the same settings.

### Backup/Restore Settings Home    Reset

Save A Copy Of Current Settings	<input type="button" value="Backup"/>
Restore Saved Settings From A File	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Browse..."/> <input type="button" value="Restore"/>
Revert To Factory Default Settings	<input type="button" value="Factory Default"/>

- **Save a copy of the current settings:** Click on the Backup button to save the current configuration.

- **Restore saved settings from a file:** Once a file has been backed up, you may restore it by clicking on the Browse button to select the file, and then the **Restore** button.
- **Revert to factory default settings:** Click on the Factory Default Settings button to reset the device to the default settings. Please wait while the device restart and then access the device using the default IP address: 192.168.1.1

## System Rebooting...

---

**Rebooting, Please wait...** 

[Click here when AP is ready](#)

---

### 5.5.10 Firmware Upgrade

- Click on the **Upgrade Firmware** link under the **Management** menu. This page is used to upgrade the firmware on the device. Make sure that downloaded the appropriate firmware from your vendor.

### Firmware Upgrade

---

Current firmware version: 1.0.17

Locate and select the upgrade file from your hard disk:

---

- Click on the **Browse** button and then select the appropriate firmware and then click on the **Upgrade** button.  
**Note:** The upgrade process may take about 1 minute to complete. Do not power off the device during this process as it may crash the device and make it unusable. The device will restart automatically once the upgrade is complete.

### 5.5.11 Time Settings

- Click on the **Time Settings** link under the **Management** menu. This page allows you to configure the time on the device. You may do this manually or by connecting to a NTP server.

### Time Settings Home Reset

---

**Time**

**Manually Set Date and Time**  
 2000 / 01 / 01 00 : 02

**Automatically Get Date and Time**  
 Time Zone: UTC+00:00 England

**User defined NTP Server:** 192 . 168 . 1 . 99

---

Apply Cancel

- **Manually Set Date and Time:** Specify the date and time
- **Automatically Get Date and Time:** Select the time zone from the drop down list and then specify the IP address of the NTP server.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

### 5.5.12 Log

- Click on the **Log** link under the **Management** menu. The **Log** page displays a list of events that are triggered on the Ethernet and Wireless interface. This log can be referred when an unknown error occurs on the system or when a report needs to be sent to the technical support department for debugging purposes.

### Log Home Reset

---

**Syslog**

Syslog	Enable
Log Server IP Address	192 . 168 . 1 . 67

**Local log**

Local Log	Enable
-----------	--------

---

Apply Cancel

- **Syslog:** Choose to enable or disable the system log.
- **Log Server IP Address:** Specify the IP address of the server that will receive the system log.
- **Local Log:** Choose to enable or disable the local log.
- Click on the **Apply** button to save the changes.

## Appendix A – Specifications

Hardware Specification	
MCU/RF	Atheros AR2316 Single chip
Memory	32MB SDRAM
Flash	8MB
Physical Interface	One 10/100 Fast Ethernet RJ-45 Reset Button One SMA Connector One switch (external and internal antenna switching)
LED indicators	Power/ Status LAN (10/100Mbps) WLAN (Wireless is up) 3 x Link Quality (Client Bridge mode) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Green: Good Quality</li> <li>➤ Yellow: Marginally Acceptable Quality</li> <li>➤ Red: Bad Quality</li> </ul>
Power Requirements	Active Ethernet (Power over Ethernet) Proprietary PoE design Power Adapter 24 V/0.8A DC
Regulation Certifications	FCC Part 15C/15B, EN 300 328/EN 301 489-1/-17

RF Specification				
Frequency Band	<b>802.11b/g</b> 2.412~2.472GHz			
Modulation Technology	OFDM = BPSK, QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM DSSS = DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK			
Operating Channels	<b>802.11b/g</b> 11 for North America, 14 for Japan, 13 for Europe			
Receive Sensitivity (Typical)	<b>802.11g</b> -92 dBm @ 6Mbps -74 dBm @ 54Mbps	<b>802.11b</b> -97 dBm @ 1Mbps -89 dBm @ 11Mbps		
Available transmit power (Average power)	FCC		ETSI	
	Frequency	Power	Frequency	
	2.412~2.462 GHz IEEE802.11g	<b>26dBm@6~24Mbps</b>	2.412~2.472 GHz IEEE802.11g	<b>26dBm@6~24Mbps</b>
		<b>25dBm@36Mbps</b>		<b>25dBm@36Mbps</b>
		<b>23dBm@48Mbps</b>		<b>23dBm@48Mbps</b>
	<b>22dBm@54Mbps</b>		<b>22dBm@54Mbps</b>	
2.412~2.462	<b>27dBm@1~11Mbps</b>	2.412~2.472	<b>27dBm@1~11Mbps</b>	

	GHz IEEE802.11b		GHz IEEE802.11b	
	Tolerance	$\pm 1$ dBm	Tolerance	$\pm 1$ dBm
Internal Antenna	Embedded 10dBi Panel antenna			
External Antenna	1* SMA connector			

<b>Software Features</b>	
General	
Topology	Infrastructure
Protocol / Standard	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet) IEEE 802.3u (Fast Ethernet) IEEE 802.11b/g (2.4GHz WLAN)
Operation Mode	<b>802.11 b/g</b> Access Point Client Bridge Client Router
LAN	DHCP Server DHCP Client
VPN	VPN – pass through
Wireless	Channel Selection (Setting varies by countries) Transmission Rate 11 b/g : 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 11, 9, 6, 5.5, 2, 1 in Mbps Long distance transmission : 1km to 30km Transmit power table Signal Strength indication using LEDs
Security	WEP Encryption-64/128/152 bit WPA/WPA2 Personal (WPA-PSK using TKIP or AES) WPA/WPA2 Enterprise (WPA-EAP using TKIP) 802.1x Authenticator Hide SSID in beacons L2 isolation(AP mode) Wireless STA (Client) connected list Web-redirect
QoS	WMM
Management	
Configuration	Web-based configuration (HTTP)
Firmware Upgrade	- Upgrade firmware via web-browser - Keep latest setting when f/w update
Administrator Setting	Administrator password change
Reset Setting	- Reboot (Press 1 second) - Reset to Factory Default (Press 5 seconds)
System monitoring	Status, Event Log

SNMP	V1, V2c (Phase 2)
MIB	MIB I, MIB II (RFC1213) and Private MIB
Backup & Restore	Settings through Web
Time setting	NTP (Auto-setting of time) Time setting manually

<b>Environmental and Mechanical</b>	
Temperature Range	Operating -20°C~70°C Storage -30°C to 80°C
Humidity (non-condensing)	0%~90% typical
Dimensions	260mm (L) x 84mm (W) x 55mm (H)
Weight	300g

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## Appendix B – FCC Interference Statement

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### Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

#### **FCC Radiation Exposure Statement:**

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

This device complies with FCC RF Exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment, under 47 CFR 2.1093 paragraph (d)(2).

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.